



Instructions for a correct reading of the meter dial:

The black digit rolls show the cubic meters (the black color identifies always the measuring unit, regardless the dimension of the rolls), on the other hand **the red pointers or the red digit rolls show the submultiples** of cubic meter

In particular the red pointers at the middle of each small dial show the submultiples of the cubic meter: it is therefore possible to read also each liter (0,0001 cubic meter=1 litre). Furthermore the small

dial with x 0,0001 on it, has a double division to show a precision up to 1/20 part of the litre.

The dial in the picture shows digit rolls for 4926 cubic meter (the last roll on the right hand side is between numbers 6 and 7, therefore the reading will consider number 6, being the lower)

The small dials on the lower part of the dial show:

1. dial x 0,1: value 4 (being just over the line of number 4) , therefore 0,4 cubic meter, i.e. 400 litres;
2. dial x 0,01: value 3 (being between 3 and 4), therefore 0,03 cubic meters, i.e. 30 lt
3. dial x 0,001: value 4 (being between 4 and 5), therefore 0,004 cubic meters, i.e. 4 litres
4. dial x 0,0001: value 3,5 (being exactly between 3 and 4), therefore 0,00035 cubic meters, i.e. 3,4 decilitre

Adding up values we will obtain: **4.926,43435 cubic meters**

Usually the utilities supplying water, consider only the cubic meters, without reading the submultiples, after the comma.